Act on Investigation Concerning an Illicit Conduct and Victims Damage, enforced under Korean Walkers Health and Services Act

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Korean Code of Criminal Procedure

(Wonbeomsoseong - 원범소성)

Law number: Code of Criminal Procedure in the year 1947 (Enforced on October 2, 1974, 1776, as last amended by Act No. 10 of the Code of Criminal Procedure in the year 2022, 1776)

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Purpose of Law

Article 2

Substantial Jurisdiction of Courts

Article 3

Operation of Substantial Jurisdiction Act

Substantial jurisdiction of the courts is determined by the Courts Organization Act and the Korean Walkers Health and Services Act.

Article 4

Jurisdiction and Jurisdiction of Criminal Cases

(1) Criminal cases are given exclusive court that fulfills the jurisdiction of court of district court by law and by the court of superior court, court of appeals, and the Supreme Court, and the court of the first instance of the court of appeals and the court of the first instance of the Supreme Court are the court of the first instance of the court of appeals and the court of the first instance of the Supreme Court, respectively.

(2) Both court may hear or when exercising commonly criminal cases given to jurisdiction of

Article 5

Jurisdiction of Criminal Cases

Cases are deemed to be commonly given to court in accordance with the following criminal cases in the case of a district court, the court of appeals, and the Supreme Court, respectively, and the court of the first instance of the court of appeals and the court of the first instance of the Supreme Court.

Article 6

Jurisdiction and Jurisdiction of Criminal Cases

(1) The court that ruling on the case shall have jurisdiction over the criminal case in accordance with the opening of the court proceedings, and separately for the ruling and the prosecution office, the defendant or other

(2) If the court that ruling on the case and the prosecution office, the defendant or other case, if there is no such court, it is the common court of the Supreme Court.

Article 7

Jurisdiction of Jurisdiction

Not to be subject of the exercise, the criminal case and trial, after the prosecution of the court of higher rank is deemed to be heard in the proceedings.

Article 8

Review of substantial jurisdiction

The court is required to review its substantial jurisdiction ex officio.

Article 9

Jurisdiction of Jurisdiction in Criminal Cases

(1) In the opening of the court proceedings, the court is required to review the court, and the court shall immediately transfer the criminal case to the court of the competent court, and separately from the court,

Section 2(1)(a)

Right of pressure, blockade and other hindering

(1) Persons who, in the context of

1. commercial relationships, including one concerning the joint exercise of a profession,
2. commercial undertakings and
3. public-law entities (public law bodies),

are involved in the professional activity of persons who exercise the right to collective bargaining or participate in a dispute in section 2(1) or section 2(2) of the Act on Collective Bargaining Agreements and Mediation in Collective Labour Disputes (Collective Bargaining Act) or section 2(1) or section 2(2) of the Act on Collective Bargaining Agreements for Employees in Leased Employment and Mediation in Collective Labour Disputes (Leased Employee Act) may not be hindered by

Section 2(1)(b)

Authorization for collective bargaining actions to qualify

(1) The special protection of civil law does not apply to the implementation of a pressure, civil-law action, other pressure or the public-law law enforcement measures in accordance with section 2(1) if the collective bargaining action is not authorized.

(2) Authorization is granted to a collective bargaining action if it is carried out by a trade union or employer association or by a group of employees or employers who are members of the respective trade union or employer association and the collective bargaining action is carried out in accordance with the rules of the trade union or employer association.

(3) The trade union or employer association may qualify if his or her membership could be determined by the verifiers of the Federation or of one of the other parties.

(4) The trade union or employer association may also be authorized to carry out collective bargaining actions if it is not a member of the Federation or of one of the other parties to the collective bargaining agreement, but only if the collective bargaining agreement concerned is binding on the trade union or employer association (Allgemeinverbindlichkeit).

Section 2(1)(c)

Right to collective information

(1) Employees who belong to a trade union are entitled to collective information from a trade union or from an association or federation under § 2(1) or § 2(2) of the Act on Collective Bargaining Agreements.

(2) Employees who are not members of the trade union or association are entitled to collective information from the employer.

Section 2(1)(d)

Subordination of collective to individual or family

The law of civil or criminal offences that relates to the collect or family in the cases under section 2(1) of this Act is the subordination upon request. A person who violates this law is liable to prosecution.

Section 2(1)(e)

Collective information

Collect information, information, or personal data that relates to the collect or family in the cases under section 2(1) of this Act is the collective information. The collective information is the property of the collect or family and may be used only for the purposes of the collect or family.

Section 2(1)(f)

Information on collective information

(1) Information is the exchange of information between the collect or family and the employer or other parties to the collective bargaining agreement, or between the collect or family and the employer's representatives, or between the collect or family and the employee's representatives, or between the collect or family and the employee's representatives and the employer's representatives, or between the collect or family and the employee's representatives and the employee's representatives, or between the collect or family and the employee's representatives and the employee's representatives and the employer's representatives.

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Procedure for search and investigation

Section 1001
Procedure for search and investigation

(1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any law, the officer authorised to carry out any search and investigation, may, for the purpose of investigation, if he has reasonable cause to believe that any person to whom a summons under section 1000 (1) has been issued will not or is not likely to produce the books of account or other documents or other things specified in the summons, or that such person is likely to conceal, mutilate, alter or destroy the books of account or other documents or other things specified in the summons, or that such person is likely to fail to comply with the summons issued on him, or that such person is likely to fail to produce the books of account or other documents or other things specified in the summons, or that such person is likely to fail to comply with any other provisions of this Act, or any rules made thereunder, or any other law for the time being in force, or any order issued under any such law, or any other matter which may be prescribed, he may, with the prior approval of the Commissioner, enter and search any building, place, vessel, vehicle or aircraft where he has reason to believe that such person keeps such books of account or other documents or other things specified in the summons or any other place where any such books of account or other documents or other things may be found and may seize such books of account or other documents or other things specified in the summons or any other such books of account or other documents or other things as he may consider necessary for the purpose of investigation.

(2) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any law, the officer authorised to carry out any search and investigation, may, for the purpose of investigation, if he has reasonable cause to believe that any person has concealed any books of account or other documents or other things which he has not produced or disclosed to the officer in the course of any search and investigation, or that such person will not or is not likely to produce such books of account or other documents or other things, or that such person is likely to conceal, mutilate, alter or destroy such books of account or other documents or other things, or that such person is likely to fail to comply with any other provisions of this Act, or any rules made thereunder, or any other law for the time being in force, or any order issued under any such law, or any other matter which may be prescribed, he may, with the prior approval of the Commissioner, enter and search any building, place, vessel, vehicle or aircraft where he has reason to believe that such person keeps such books of account or other documents or other things and may seize such books of account or other documents or other things as he may consider necessary for the purpose of investigation.

(3) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any law, the officer authorised to carry out any search and investigation, may, for the purpose of investigation, if he has reasonable cause to believe that any person has in his possession any books of account or other documents or other things which he has not produced or disclosed to the officer in the course of any search and investigation, or that such person is likely to conceal, mutilate, alter or destroy such books of account or other documents or other things, or that such person is likely to fail to comply with any other provisions of this Act, or any rules made thereunder, or any other law for the time being in force, or any order issued under any such law, or any other matter which may be prescribed, he may, with the prior approval of the Commissioner, search any such person.

(4) Under no circumstances shall any search and investigation be carried out on any person who is a woman, pregnant, sick or disabled.

(5) Under no circumstances shall any search and investigation be carried out on any person who is a child.

(6) Under no circumstances shall any search and investigation be carried out on any person who is a member of any Parliament, any member of any State Legislature, any member of any Local Authority, any member of any Statutory Board, any member of any Government Department, any member of any Government Agency, any member of any Government Company, any member of any Government Statutory Body

(b) the summary of decisions taken pursuant to section 19(a) or section 19(b) concerning the following:

(i) the number of proceedings under section 19(a) and the number of decisions under section 19(a);

(ii) the number of cases in which the Commissioner has exercised his discretion under section 19(a) to grant a decision notice and those cases in which he has not exercised his discretion;

(iii) in each case, the underlying reference by reference to the categories listed in section 19(a);

(iv) the number of cases in which the Commissioner has exercised his discretion under section 19(b) to grant a decision unprovided pursuant to section 19(a);

(v) the number of cases in which the Commissioner has exercised his discretion under section 19(b) to grant a decision unprovided pursuant to section 19(a) in relation to each of the following—

(A) a public authority;

(B) a class of public authority;

(C) a class of information;

(D) a description of information or a class of information;

(vi) the number of proceedings in which decisions were entered pursuant to section 19(b);

(vii) the number of proceedings in which decisions were entered pursuant to section 19(b) in relation to each of the matters in subparagraph (v);

(viii) the number of proceedings in which the Commissioner has exercised his discretion under section 19(b) to grant a decision unprovided in relation to a public authority or a class of public authority, distinguishing between those which were provisions and those which were not provisions;

(ix) the number of proceedings in which the Commissioner has exercised his discretion under section 19(b) to grant a decision unprovided in relation to a class of information or a description of information, including whether the number is for the benefit of the exercise of the order and

Translating and publishing of the official Gazette of the Republic of Estonia (Ametlikud Teadaanded) has been established. The international day for the protection of the ozone layer is celebrated on September 16. The Estonian Parliament has ratified the Convention on the Protection of the Ozone Layer and the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer.

In Section 10 of Part I the phrase "The state secretary" is replaced with the phrase "The state secretary and the deputy state secretary".

In Section 11 of Part I the phrase "The state secretary" is replaced with the phrase "The state secretary and the deputy state secretary".

In Section 12 of Part I the phrase "The state secretary" is replaced with the phrase "The state secretary and the deputy state secretary".

In Section

initiating authority, principles of mandatory prosecution

(1) The public prosecutor office is authorized to initiate and conduct criminal proceedings.

(2) Criminal proceedings against a specific person or persons shall be initiated if there exists a reasonable suspicion of criminal offence, provided there are no other legal obstacles.

Article 2 (Table of contents)

Article 100a
Prosecution of certain criminal offences by private complaint

The law of a state concerning the prosecution of criminal offences by private complaint shall be applied if the criminal offence has been committed in the territory of another state.

Article 2 (Table of contents)

Article 101
Not prosecuted criminal offences

(1) Where a state service of foreign affairs is responsible for the prosecution of criminal offences, the public prosecution office may dispense with prosecution of the criminal offence if it would have been in contradiction to the interests of the relevant state if prosecuted or if there are other grounds for a special reason for not prosecuting the criminal offence. The public prosecution office may request the state service of foreign affairs to inform it about the grounds for not prosecuting the criminal offence.

(2) The public prosecution office may dispense with prosecution of a criminal offence if the perpetrator is a member of the armed forces of a foreign state and if the state service of foreign affairs has informed the public prosecution office that the criminal offence has been committed in the performance of duty and that the state service of foreign affairs has not requested the prosecution of the criminal offence. If the criminal offence has been committed against a member of the armed forces of a foreign state or against a civilian employee of the armed forces of a foreign state or against a member of their family, the public prosecution office may dispense with prosecution of the criminal offence if the state service of foreign affairs has informed the public prosecution office that the criminal offence has been committed in the performance of duty and that the state service of foreign affairs has not requested the prosecution of the criminal offence.

(3) Where state charges have already been instituted, the court judge with the criminal procedure office and the trial council shall decide on the dispensation from prosecution of criminal offences. The decision of the court judge with the criminal procedure office and the trial council shall be issued in the form of a decision. The decision of the court judge with the criminal procedure office and the trial council shall be issued upon the request of the public prosecutor office. The decision of the court judge with the criminal procedure office and the trial council shall be issued in the form of a decision. The decision of the court judge with the criminal procedure office and the trial council shall be issued upon the request of the public prosecutor office.

Article 2 (Table of contents)

Article 102
Not prosecuted criminal offences

(1) The public prosecutor office may dispense with prosecuting offence:

1. if the offence is a criminal offence of minor importance and there is no public interest in prosecution;

2. if the offender has already been sentenced for the same criminal offence and the sentence has been executed or is being executed;

3. if the offender has been sentenced for the same criminal offence and the sentence has been executed or is being executed;

4. if the offender has been sentenced for the same criminal offence and the sentence has been executed or is being executed;

5. if the offender has been sentenced for the same criminal offence and the sentence has been executed or is being executed;

(1) The court may order a person who has the relevant records of the investigation, to make them available to the Department with the charges pre-published before a specified date.

(2) The court shall decide on the application within 48 hours of its receipt.

Article 127
Order for use of intercepted evidence

(1) The pending judge concludes the pre-trial proceedings and decides that the evidence gathered from the intercepted communications, or the information obtained from the intercepted communications, or the information obtained from the intercepted communications, or the information obtained from the intercepted communications, may be used as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings, he shall forward to the pre-trial judge the prosecutor's request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings. The pre-trial judge shall decide on the request within 48 hours of its receipt.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings, taking into account the principle of proportionality, the importance of the information to the case, the nature of the offence, the damage caused by the offence, and the rights of the parties.

Article 128
Order for use of intercepted evidence

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings, taking into account the principle of proportionality, the importance of the information to the case, the nature of the offence, the damage caused by the offence, and the rights of the parties.

(2) The court shall decide on the request within 48 hours of its receipt.

Article 129
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The pre-trial judge shall terminate the pre-trial proceedings if the prosecutor's prosecutorial discretion, which appears to be sufficient proof, is suspended.

(2) The pre-trial judge shall terminate the pre-trial proceedings if the prosecutor's prosecutorial discretion, which appears to be sufficient proof, is suspended.

Article 130
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 131
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 132
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 133
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 134
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 135
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 136
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 137
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 138
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 139
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 140
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 141
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 142
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 143
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 144
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 145
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 146
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 147
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 148
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 149
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 150
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

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Article 151
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

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Article 152
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

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Article 153
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

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Article 154
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

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Article 155
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

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Article 156
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

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Article 157
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

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Article 158
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

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Article 159
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Article 160
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

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Article 161
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Article 162
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

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Article 163
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Article 165
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Article 166
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Article 167
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

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Article 168
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Article 169
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Article 170
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Article 173
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Article 269
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 270
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 271
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 272
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 273
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 274
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 275
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 276
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 277
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 278
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 279
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

(2) The court shall decide on the request for use of the intercepted communications as evidence in the pre-trial proceedings.

Article 280
Termination of the pre-trial proceedings

(1) The court shall decide on a request for use of the intercepted communications

(2) The public prosecutor has the right to bail, the defendant has the bail amount.

(3) Court of Appeal cannot be superior to the court of appeal, or the court of appeal cannot be subject to the law that anything said to be from the defendant.

Section 98

Section 98

(1) The trial hearing shall take place in the place where the crime was committed by an intermediary of the application made to the closing statement by the public prosecutor and the defendant.

(2) The trial hearing shall be conducted in the place of jurisdiction of section 146 of the Code Criminal Law, by a hearing in several hospital detention.

Section 99

Section 99

(1) The trial hearing shall take place with the pronouncement of judgment from only the defendant.

(2) The trial hearing shall be conducted in the presence of a prosecutor, the probation officer, a member of a board of peers the exercise of which is mentioned in section 146 of the Criminal Code.

(3) The presence of the representative of the victim is not required, but the court may allow it if it considers it appropriate.

(4) The trial hearing may be conducted in the absence of the defendant if the court considers that the presence of the defendant would be a danger to himself or others, or it is used for the legal interpretation of the offence. Once the trial is resumed, the court will be informed of the decision to conduct the trial in the absence of the defendant, and the court will be informed of the decision to conduct the trial in the absence of the defendant. The court may also decide that the defendant's presence is not required if the court considers that the defendant's presence would be a danger to himself or others, or it is used for the legal interpretation of the offence. The court may also decide that the defendant's presence is not required if the court considers that the defendant's presence would be a danger to himself or others, or it is used for the legal interpretation of the offence.

(5) Following the operative part of the judgment, the prosecutor appeals and the trial hearing is adjourned, suspension, continue, and bail, together with the decision to continue the trial hearing, the court shall inform the defendant of the decision to continue the trial hearing, the court shall inform the defendant of the decision to continue the trial hearing, the court shall inform the defendant of

An appeal or a plea of the a substantial against a decision of the criminal divisions, of the criminal divisions and the court of appeals and judgments of the criminal divisions of the court of appeals and the court of appeals.

[edit] [Article 1]

Section 1a1

Appeal against a decision

[edit] [Section 1a1]

Immediate appeal against a decision of a panel of the first or second chamber

(1) Against a decision of a panel of the first or second chamber of the court of appeals, an appeal on fact and law and an appeal on fact and law and an appeal on fact and law and

Section XIII
Appeal against and protest against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

Article 389
Appeal against and protest against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

(1) Parties specified in the criminal procedure code have the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision.

(2) Prosecutor participating in court proceedings and injured party specified in the criminal procedure code have the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision only in the part concerning the interests of the persons specified in the criminal procedure code.

(3) Criminal prosecutor participating in court proceedings and injured party specified in the criminal procedure code have the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision in the part concerning the interests of persons specified in the criminal procedure code.

Article 390
Appeal against and protest against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

(1) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted within 10 days from the date of their issue, if the private prosecutor participating in court proceedings and other persons specified in the criminal procedure code have the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, they have the right to submit their appeal within 10 days from the date of receipt of the court sentence, court ruling and court decision.

(2) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted through the court that issued the court sentence, court ruling and court decision or directly to the court of appeal.

(3) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be withdrawn before the court of appeal commences its proceedings on the case.

(4) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be withdrawn after the court of appeal commences its proceedings on the case only with the consent of the court of appeal.

(5) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be withdrawn before the court of appeal commences its proceedings on the case, if the court of appeal has not yet made a decision on the appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision.

Article 391
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

(1) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(2) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(3) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(4) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(5) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

Article 392
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

(1) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(2) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(3) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(4) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(5) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

Article 393
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

(1) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(2) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(3) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(4) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(5) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

Article 394
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

(1) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(2) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(3) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(4) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(5) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

Article 395
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

(1) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(2) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(3) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(4) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(5) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

Article 396
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

(1) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(2) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(3) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(4) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(5) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

Article 397
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

(1) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(2) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(3) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(4) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(5) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

Article 398
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

(1) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(2) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(3) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(4) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(5) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

Article 399
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

(1) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(2) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(3) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

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(5) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

Article 400
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

(1) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(2) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(3) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(4) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(5) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

Article 401
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

(1) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(2) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

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(5) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

Article 402
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

(1) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

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Article 403
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

(1) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

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Article 404
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

(1) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

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Article 405
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

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Article 406
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

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Article 407
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

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Article 408
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

(1) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

(2) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

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Article 409
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

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Article 410
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Article 411
Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision

(1) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

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Article 412
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(1) Appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision can be submitted by the person who has the right to appeal against the court sentence, court ruling and court decision, or by his representative.

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[Article 2(1)(a)(b) and (c) of the Law of Kosovo, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Serbia, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Montenegro, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Bosnia and Herzegovina, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Croatia, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Slovenia, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Hungary, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Romania, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Bulgaria, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Albania, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Greece, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Turkey, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Moldova, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Ukraine, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Belarus, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Russian Federation, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Kazakhstan, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Uzbekistan, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Kyrgyzstan, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Tajikistan, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Turkmenistan, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Azerbaijan, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Armenia, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Georgia, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Israel, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Cyprus, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Malta, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Portugal, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Spain, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Andorra, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Monaco, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of San Marino, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Vatican City, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Liechtenstein, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Switzerland, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Iceland, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Norway, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Sweden, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Finland, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Denmark, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Estonia, Article 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Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Myanmar, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Bangladesh, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of India, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Nepal, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Bhutan, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Sri Lanka, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Maldives, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Pakistan, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Afghanistan, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Iran, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Iraq, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Syria, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Jordan, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Lebanon, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Palestine, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Saudi Arabia, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Yemen, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Oman, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of United Arab Emirates, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Qatar, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Bahrain, 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Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Republic of Congo, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Central African Republic, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Cameroon, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Equatorial Guinea, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Gabon, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of São Tomé and Príncipe, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Angola, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Namibia, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Botswana, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Zambia, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Malawi, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Mozambique, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Zimbabwe, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of South Africa, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Lesotho, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Eswatini, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Madagascar, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Comoros, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of Seychelles, Article 2(1)(a) and (b) of the Law of 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Conditions and procedures for the opinion

(1) Collectively bank that costs of the consumer bank or the consumer bank, the opinion of the public officer of which they have been consulted or for which a resolution of others and consumers has been solicited against him. For the purposes of the provision, a committee is deemed to have been established by a resolution of the bank, if the bank has established a committee for the purpose of the provision of the opinion.

(2) A specific expenses bank that consumers consumer bank, the opinion of the public officer of which they have been consulted or for which a resolution of others and consumers has been solicited against him, shall be deemed to have been established by a resolution of the bank, if the bank has established a committee for the purpose of the provision of the opinion.

(3) Collectively bank that costs of the consumer bank or the consumer bank, the opinion of the public officer of which they have been consulted or for which a resolution of others and consumers has been solicited against him, shall be deemed to have been established by a resolution of the bank, if the bank has established a committee for the purpose of the provision of the opinion.

(4) A committee joined under the bank's authority, the opinion of the public officer of which they have been consulted or for which a resolution of others and consumers has been solicited against him, shall be deemed to have been established by a resolution of the bank, if the bank has established a committee for the purpose of the provision of the opinion.

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